



1. INTRODUCTION

The structure of the implementation of the policy and development of a long-term plan is the result of discussion with the full teaching staff

The governing body are ultimately responsible in overseeing that this policy is being effectively implemented. Their agent at school are the Head of School and/or Executive Head.

All staff will be involved in the implementation of this policy.

2. PHILOSOPHY

Geography should:

- stimulate children's interest in their surroundings and in the variety of human and physical conditions on the Earth's surface;
- foster children's curiosity and fascination about the beauty of the world around them;
- help children to develop an informed concern about the quality of the environment and the future of the human habitat;
- enhance children's sense of responsibility for the care of the Earth and its people.
- Develop an understanding of human and physical processes.

3. EXPECTATIONS

At Woodmansey CE Primary School, our intention is to provide quality teaching and learning of geography to promote:

- the development of knowledge, skills and understanding relating to people, places and environments at different scales, in the United Kingdom and overseas, and an appreciation of how places relate to each other and the wider world;
- awareness of the wider world and a sense of place within it;
- a desire to investigate and learn about the physical and human features of the learner's own environment and appreciate how their locality is similar to and different from other places around the world;
- the development and use of geographical enquiry and reporting skills, including questioning, ICT skills, fieldwork skills, geographical

- terms, making and using maps, and using photographs:
understanding and use of subject – specific vocabulary.
- respect for the environment and evaluation of human impact upon it.

4. TEACHING AND LEARNING STYLES

It is our intention at Woodmansey CE Primary School to enable the children to think as geographers with the emphasis on examining artefacts and primary sources. The long-term plan provides opportunities for **investigation** of a different culture through images, music and relevant texts allows the children to be fully immersed within the culture, providing a more valuable experience than studying geography books. We also recognise and value the importance of stories in geography teaching and we regard this as an important way of stimulating interest in the world and its people. We focus on helping the children to ask searching questions about the information they are given in order to understand the world.

We understand that children learn in a variety of ways, so teachers employ a range of teaching strategies appropriate to geography. These include:

- accelerated learning - addressing visual, auditory and kinaesthetic learning styles;
- open-ended tasks which can have a variety of responses;
- providing resources of different complexity depending on the ability of the child;
- using classroom assistants to engage and support children individually or in groups.

5. MAKING GEOGRAPHY RELEVANT

At Woodmansey CE Primary School, we ensure that geography learning embraces changes in the physical and social aspects of the world. Inequality is not overlooked but is addressed openly and without stereotyping. Our aim is to empathise with people in all cultures.

6. PLANNING

Woodmansey CE Primary School have adopted Molescroft Primary School's own planning for geography based on the National Curriculum's requirement. We plan to build on pupils' existing knowledge and do not waste time teaching what is already known and understood. In keeping with other foundation subjects, geography units of study start with a mind map, which gathers pupil knowledge and allows them to highlight areas of

learning they want to address. We ensure that there are opportunities for children of all abilities to develop their skills and knowledge in each unit and ensure they are increasingly challenged.

Planning must address the relevant subject content by Key Stage as featured in the new curriculum 2015.

Long term planning maps the geography units studied in each term in each year group. Geography has been allocated the following times:

	% of time	time per year
Key Stage 1	3.5%	32 hours
Key Stage 2	3.5%	32 hours

This time is then distributed across the opportunities for learning relevant to the particular geography units, in keeping with the cross curricular approach. Within the term the teachers decide how best to apportion the time allocation. Often the work is taught as a block of lessons.

The National Curriculum provides good **guidance** for each unit of work for each year group.

Class teachers write a short-term plan for each lesson using the accelerated learning format. The plans clearly state the objectives for the lesson.

Educational visits are used within units of work wherever possible to enhance the children's learning opportunities.

7. GEOGRAPHY IN THE FOUNDATION STAGE

Geography in the foundation stage is taught under the umbrella of 'Understanding of the World'. The children are supported in developing the knowledge, skills and understanding that helps them to make sense of the world. The children work towards achieving the following relevant Early Learning Goals:

- Observe, find out about and identify features in the place they live and the natural world
- Find out about their environment, and talk about those features they like and dislike.
- Begin to know about their own cultures *and beliefs* and those of other people.

8. CROSS CURRICULAR OPPORTUNITIES

In both key stages, the positioning of the geography units is designed to complement the focus link for that term.

Geography contributes significantly to the teaching of other subject areas:

- Literacy - geography actively promotes the skills of reading, writing, speaking and listening. Some of the texts used within literacy are geographical in nature.
- ICT - children use ICT in geography to enhance their skills in data handling, presenting work and researching information using the internet.
- Dance – children develop the knowledge of and learn dances relevant to other cultures.
- Art – children use their knowledge of places they have studied to complete art units e.g. coasts, rivers, caves, Kenya and focus countries in International Week.
- Music - children compose and/or perform musical pieces relevant to countries, cultures and aspects of physical geography they have studied.
- Modern Foreign Languages - geography is inextricably linked to the study of languages.

Geography also enhances other areas such as Science, Design and Technology and History through the positioning of the unit in the focus link.

9. ASSESSMENT, RECORDING AND REPORTING

Assessment is carried out in line with the schools Assessment Policy, and is based on the principles of Assessment for Learning using the schools' assessment programme FLIC. Assessment can take place at all appropriate stages of a lesson, but particularly within the plenary focussing on the relevant strand to that lesson:

- Enquiry and Skills
- Specialist Knowledge
- Knowledge and Understanding
- Interpretation
- Organisation and Communication

Pupils are required to justify orally why they believe they have attained a particular level and not another. They are also encouraged to evaluate the work of others through the same system

We have developed the annual report to incorporate the on-going assessments of pupil performance in units of work covered. These report formats are prepared in advance in accordance with the Long-Term Plan. For each unit pupils are assessed to have met the expected targets, exceeded them or not met them. This performance is measured against age related expectations using the schools FLIC assessment programme.

10. EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

It is the responsibility of teachers to ensure that all pupils, irrespective of gender, ability or race have access to the curriculum and make the greatest progress possible. Teachers set suitable learning challenges and respond to each child's different needs.

11. ROLE OF STAFF

The teaching staff with the Head of School are responsible for:

- Ensuring progression and continuity across the key stage through the development of the long-term plan.
- Supporting colleagues in the implementation of the short-term planning and provide support within each unit of work.
- Monitoring progress and standards within the subject.
- Keeping up-to-date with developments in geography and disseminating information to the rest of the teaching staff.

